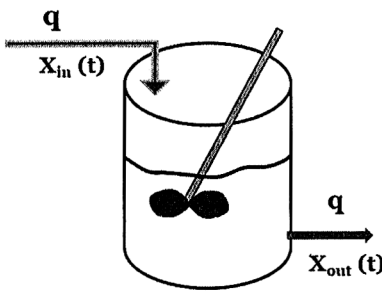
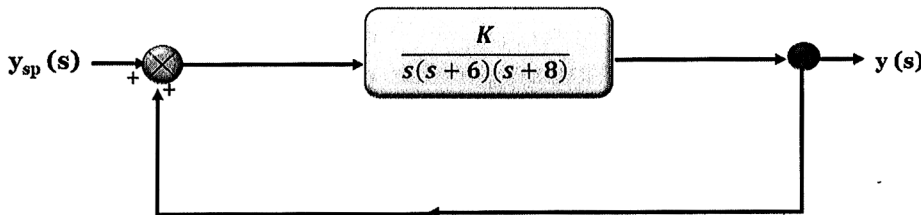


CO2

Q2	Initially, at 40°C, the time constant of a thermometer is found in 20 seconds. Suddenly, the thermometer is immersed into water at 100°C. How long will it take for the thermometer reading to meet 95°C.	5
Q3	1. Determine the transfer function relating the outlet concentration X_{out} to the inlet concentration X_{in}, having a mixing process (shown in the below figure) in which a stream of solution containing dissolved salt flows at a constant volumetric flow rate (q) into a tank of constant holdup volume V. The concentration of the salt in the entering stream x (mass of salt/volume) varies with time. 2. Estimate the transient response of a mixing process for ramp change in input for a first order process  Figure: Mixing process	10
Q3	Consider a second order system with the following transfer function? $G(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = \frac{12}{5s^2 + 2.1s + 3}$ Estimate the percentage overshoot with decay ratio, rise time and ultimate value of $Y(t)$ when initiate a step change of magnitude four into the system and plot all the estimated value in time domain. Draw the locations of that transfer function through the pole-zero plot.	15
Q4	Suppose you have a transfer function $G(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = \frac{k}{2s+1}$ When system undergoes to impulse function, estimate the final expression of $Y(t)$ having two process gain (k) value of 2 and 5 and plot them. Justify the better performance if you use two process gain.	10
Q5	Derive the transfer function of PI controller and estimate the dynamic response of PI controller's output to a step change in error and plot all through taking consequent 5 reset time increases.	10

CO3

Q6	Constitute the root locus for the control system shown in following pic, through the following steps - Locate the poles/zeros on the s-plane. - Find the number of root locus branches - Draw the segment of the root locus on the real axis. - Find the centroid and the angle of asymptotes - Find the intersection points of root locus branches with an imaginary axis. - Evaluate the break-away and break-in points - Find the angle of departure and the angle of arrival - Determine the limiting value of the gain K for stability using the Routh-Hurwitz criterion. 	20
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Q7	Derive the closed loop servo and regulatory transfer functions of a system whose open loop dynamics are represented by the following process $[G_P(s)]$ and disturbance $[G_d(s)]$ transfer functions $G_P(s) = \frac{0.3}{5s+1} \quad \text{and} \quad G_d(s) = \frac{0.5}{5s+1}$ Assume the transfer functions of the control valve and the measuring element are $G_f(s) = 1$ and $G_m(s) = 1$. Use a P controller with the controller gain $K_C = 5, K_C = 10$ and $K_C = 20$. I. Determine the unit step servo response of the closed loop system II. Compute the offset for each controller gain K_C	20
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