

M. Sc. MATHEMATICS EXAMINATION, 2024

(2nd Year, 2nd Semester, Supplementary)

MATHEMATICS**PAPER – DSE-05A****[NUMERICAL ANALYSIS - II (THEORY)]**

Time : 1 hour 15 minutes

Full Marks : 24

(Use separate answer script for each Part)**Part – I (Marks: 16)**Answer *any two* questions.

Symbols and notations have their usual meanings.

1. Solve the following boundary value problem using a second order method

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 2, \quad 0 < x < 1$$

$$y'(0) - y(0) = 1, \quad y'(1) + y(1) = 1$$

with step length $h = 0.25$. 8

2. Solve the following two-dimensional elliptic mixed BVP

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0; \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$$

subject to the boundary conditions

$$u(x, 0) = 2x, \quad u(x, 1) = 2x - 1; \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$$

$$u(0, y) + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(0, y) = 2 - y, \quad u(1, y) = 2 - y; \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$$

Use the five point formula with $h = k = 1/3$.

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3. Consider the following heat equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \quad t \geq 0$$

$$u(0, t) = u(1, t), \quad t \geq 0$$

$$u(x, 0) = f(x), \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

Discuss the stability of a method that integrates time using the trapezoidal rule and approximates with a central difference scheme to solve the heat equation mentioned above. 8

Part – II (Marks: 8)Answer *any one* question.

1. Find the solution of the integral equation

$$f(x) - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (x+u) f(u) du = x$$

numerically by approximately the integral using Trapezoidal rule after dividing the interval $[0, 1]$ into two equal parts. 8

2. The system of equations

$$x^2 + xy + y^2 = 7$$

$$x^3 + y^3 = 9$$

has a solution near $x = 1.5$, $y = 0.5$. Perform two iterations using Newton's Method to obtain approximate root.